3D PRINTING OF EMBEDDED OPTICAL ELEMENTS FOR INTERACTIVE DEVICES

TODLS





TODAY'S PAPER





GOALS FOR TODAY'S DISCUSSION

3D PRINTED OPTICS

• Outlining 3D printing fabrication process and its capabilities

- Understanding basic optical properties of waveguides
- Examining potential innovations using 3D printed optics

IMPRESSIONS





I rate it as 3/5 because of unintelligibility of this paper. There are too many terms in this paper, which is hard to understand for readers who don't have related knowledge.

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Student

I found that this was not the most enjoyable paper we've read this quarter.

Like · Comment · 30 minutes ago · 🛞



Another Student None of the examples in the paper seem particularly important 11 minutes ago · Like

Yet Another Student The results of many of their proposals were less than stellar (to an extend) and required some manual intervention.

11 minutes ago · Like



Write a comment ...



AnotherStudent @ScottKlemmer





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NOT COMPLETE & FINAL LIST OF APPLICATIONS



IS PROOF OF CONCEPT



WHY WE OVERHYPE 3D PRINTING?

CAPABLE



AFFORDABLE



PRACTICAL





3D PRINTING





layered NOT assembled





Original Object
Object is Digitized in CAD
Software "Slices" Objects into Layers

The thinner the layer, the more detailed the object

OPTICAL COMPONENTS



	3D PRINTED	THORLABS
beam splitter	air = free!!!	\$147 (5 mm)
light pipe	<\$5	\$100 (5 mm)
plano-concave	<\$10	\$22.10 (6 mm)
plano-convex	<\$10	\$32.00 (6 mm)

UNSCRAMBLING TERMINOLOGY



"3D PRINTED OPTICS" WAVEGUIDES

 A waveguide is a structure that guides waves, enabling a signal to propagate with minimal loss of energy by restricting expansion.
Waveguides mostly have rectangular, circular, or elliptical cross-sections.



TERMS

- The refractive index (n) is a number describing light propagation through a medium
- A numerical aperture (NA) represents the range of angles light can be taken and emitted
- Attenuation (α) is reduction in intensity of the light beam with respect to distance traveled through the medium





OPTICAL FIBER





ASSESSMENT

AIR		
GLASS	?	
AIR	?	



DISCUSSION

• LOOKING AT THE CEILING MOUNTED PROJECTOR, DRAW THE TYPES OF WAVEGUIDES AND OPTICAL ELEMENTS THAT ONE MIGHT FIND INSIDE.



LIMITATIONS



- ONLY 2 PRINTED MATERIALS
- 2 ATTENUATION (LIGHT LOSS WITH DISTANCE)
- 3 UNFINISHED SURFACES
- 4 OPAQUENESS (VIEWING ANGLE, THICKNESS)
- 5 GRAVITY INHIBITS ARBITRARILY SHAPED HOLLOW AREAS



DISCUSSION

- HOW SIGNIFICANT DO YOU CONSIDER THESE PRINTING LIMITATIONS? ARE THESE INSURMOUNTABLE HURDLES? OR TEMPORARY OBSTACLES?
- CAN YOU THINK OF WAYS TO OVERCOME THESE LIMITATIONS?



APPLICATIONS IN 3D PRIVING

LIGHT PIPES



SENSING MECHANICAL MOVEMENT



INTERNAL ILLUMINATION



EMBEDDED COMPONENTS





DISCUSSION

- HOW DO YOU ENVISION A FUTURE WITH 3D PRINTED DEVICES?
- HOW CAN THIS REVOLUTIONIZE THE WAY IN WHICH HUMAN-COMPUTER INTERACTION IS APPROACHED?



If the last Industrial Revolution brought mass production and economies and scale—the digital 3D printing revolution could bring mass manufacturing back to full circle—to an era of mass personalization and a return to individual craftsmanship.

